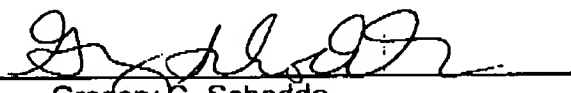


Remarks

The applicant thanks the examiner for the telephonic interview of November 15, 2004. This paper supplements "Response B" mailed September 19, 2003. As requested, all pending claims (145-220) are reproduced in the attachment, underlined.

As discussed, the attachment includes new additional claims 214 – 220. The base claim 214 is modeled on original reissue claim 1. See RE 37,826. It has been rewritten in apparatus form, except that the "second means" has been deleted and additional limitations added directed to other aspects of the invention, particularly the multiple digital adaptive equalizers. The base claim 214 also incorporates an apparatus limitation corresponding to the "fifth . . . automatic gain control" means of original RE 37,826 dependent claim 2.

Dated: 11/15/04

/s/ 
Gregory C. Schodde
Reg. No. 36,668

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Attachment – Pending Reissue Claims Underlined

145. (Amended) An apparatus that is adapted to be coupled to at least one pair of twisted wires that carry a plurality of analog levels defining information signals comprising:

an analog to digital converter arranged to convert the plurality of analog levels to corresponding digital information signals at a particular rate;

a timing recovery circuit arranged to regulate the particular rate at which said analog to digital converter converts the plurality of analog levels to the corresponding digital information signals; and

a digital adaptive equalizer arranged to identify one of the digital information signals with a level corresponding most closely to one of the plurality of analog levels defining information signals.

146. The apparatus of claim 145, further comprising an automatic gain control circuit coupled to said analog to digital converter.

147. The apparatus of claim 145, further comprising a decoder circuit coupled to said digital adaptive equalizer.

148. The apparatus of claim 147, further comprising a media access controller coupled to said decoder circuit.

149. The apparatus of claim 145, wherein said digital adaptive equalizer includes a feed forward equalizer, a data slicer and a decision feedback equalizer.

150. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 145, wherein said timing recovery circuit regulates the particular rate in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

151. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 145 wherein the at least one pair of twisted wires carry the multi-level signal at a transmission rate of at least 25 megasymbols per second.

163. (Amended) A method for recovering a plurality of analog levels defining information signals transmitted on at least one pair of twisted wires comprising:

converting the plurality of analog levels defining information signals to corresponding digital information signals at a particular rate;

regulating the particular rate of conversion; and

identifying one of the digital information signals with a level corresponding most closely to one of the plurality of analog levels defining information signals.

164. (Amended) The method of claim 163, wherein the particular rate is regulated in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

166. (Amended) The method of claim 163, and further comprising decoding the identified digital information signal.

167. (New) An apparatus that is adapted to be coupled to at least one pair of twisted wires that carry a plurality of analog levels defining information signals, comprising:

a clock arranged to generate clock signals having a phase;

an analog to digital converter arranged to convert the plurality of analog levels to corresponding information digital signals in response to the clock signals;

a timing recovery circuit arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals so that the time at which the analog to digital converter samples the analog levels is adjusted;
and

a digital adaptive equalizer arranged to receive the digital information signals and to identify one of the digital information signals with a level corresponding most closely to one of the plurality of analog levels defining information signals.

168. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, further comprising an automatic gain control circuit coupled to said analog to digital converter.

169. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, further comprising a decoder circuit coupled to said digital adaptive equalizer.

170. (New) The apparatus of claim 169, further comprising a media access controller coupled to said decoder circuit.

171. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, wherein said digital adaptive equalizer includes a feedforward equalizer, a data slicer and a decision feedback equalizer.

172. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, wherein said timing recovery circuit shifts the phase of the clock signals in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

173. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, wherein the twisted wires further carry analog timing signals, wherein the analog to digital converter is arranged to convert the analog timing signal to corresponding timing digital signals in response to the clock signals, and wherein the timing recovery circuit is arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals in response to the timing digital signals.

174. (New) The apparatus of claim 173 wherein the timing recovery circuit is arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals in response to both the timing digital signals and the information digital signals.

175. (New) The apparatus of claim 167, wherein the plurality of analog levels defining information signals comprises more than two analog levels.

176. (New) A method for recovering a plurality of analog levels defining information signals transmitted on at least one pair of twisted wires comprising:

generating clock signals having a phase;

converting the plurality of analog levels to corresponding digital information signals in response to the clock signals;

shifting the phase of the clock signals so that the time at which the converting occurs is adjusted; and

identifying one of the digital information signals with a level corresponding most closely to one of the plurality of analog levels defining information signals.

177. (New) The method of claim 176, wherein said shifting comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

178. (New) The method of claim 176 and further comprising decoding the identified digital information signals.

179. (New) The method of claim 176, and further comprising a method of recovering analog timing signals wherein the converting also comprises converting the analog timing signals to corresponding timing digital signals in response to the clock signals, and wherein the shifting comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in response to the timing digital signals.

180. (New) The method of claim 179 wherein the shifting comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in response to both the timing digital signals and the information digital signals.

181. (New) The method of claim 176, wherein the plurality of analog levels defining information signals comprises more than two analog levels.

182. (New) The apparatus of claim 145, wherein the twisted wires further carry analog timing signals, wherein the analog to digital converter is arranged to convert the analog timing signals to corresponding timing digital signals in response to the clock signals, and wherein timing recovery circuit is arranged to regulate the rate of the clock signals in response to the timing digital signals.

183. (New) The apparatus of claim 182 wherein the timing recovery circuit is arranged to regulate the rate of the clock signals in response to both the timing digital signals and the information digital signals.

184. (New) The apparatus of claim 145 wherein the plurality of analog levels defining information signals comprises more than two analog levels.

185. (New) The method of claim 163, and further comprising a method of recovering analog timing signals wherein the converting also comprises converting the analog timing signals to corresponding timing digital signals at the particular rate, and wherein the regulating comprises regulating the particular rate in response to the timing digital signals.

186. (New) The method of claim 185 wherein the regulating comprises regulating the particular rate in response to both the timing digital signals and the information digital signals.

187. (New) The method of claim 163 wherein the plurality of analog levels defining information signals comprises more than two analog levels.

188. (New) An apparatus that is adapted to be coupled to at least one pair of twisted wires that carry a multi-level signal, comprising:

an analog to digital converter for digitally converting the multi-level signal at a particular rate;

a timing recovery circuit for regulating the particular rate at which said analog to digital converter converts the multi-level signal in accordance with a product of a plurality of peak signal samples; and,

a digital adaptive equalizer for receiving the digitally converted multi-level signal and identifying one of a plurality of levels.

189. (New) An apparatus that is adapted to be coupled to at least one pair of twisted wires that carry a multi-level signal transmitted at a transmission rate of at least 25 megasymbols per second, comprising:

an analog to digital converter that is responsive to the multi-level signal transmitted at the transmission rate of at least 25 megasymbols per second;

a clock recovery circuit coupled to said analog to digital converter that regulates the particular rate in accordance with a product of a plurality of peak signal samples; and,

a digital adaptive equalizer coupled to said analog to digital converter.

190. (New) An apparatus that is adapted to be coupled to at least one pair of twisted wires that carry a multi-level signal, comprising:

an analog to digital converter operating at a particular rate;

a clock recovery circuit coupled to said analog to digital converter that regulates the particular rate in accordance with a product of a plurality of peak signal samples;
and,

a digital adaptive equalizer coupled to said analog to digital converter.

191. (New) A method for recovering a multi-level signal transmitted on at least one pair of twisted wires, comprising:

converting the multi-level signal to a digital signal at a particular rate;

regulating the particular rate of conversion in accordance with a product of a plurality of peak signal samples;

equalizing the digital signal; and,

identifying one of a plurality of levels based on the digital signal.

192. (New) Apparatus adapted to be coupled to at least a twisted first wire pair enabling receipt of at least first, second and third discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information, a twisted second wire pair enabling receipt of at least fourth, fifth and sixth discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information and a twisted third wire pair enabling receipt of at least seventh, eighth and ninth discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information, the analog signal levels being received one discrete signal level at a time, the apparatus comprising:

an analog to digital converter arranged to convert the first discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital first information signal, to convert the second discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital second information signal, to convert the third discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital third information signal, to

convert the fourth analog signal level to a corresponding digital fourth information signal, to convert the fifth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital fifth information signal, to convert the sixth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital sixth information signal, to convert the seventh discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital seventh information signal, to convert the eighth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital eighth information signal and to convert the ninth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital ninth information signal; and

circuitry arranged to individually identify each of the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth discrete analog signal levels, to shift in time the first information signal relative to the first discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the second information signal relative to the second discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the third information signal relative to the third discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the fourth information signal relative to the fourth discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the fifth information signal relative to the fifth discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the sixth information signal relative to the sixth discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the seventh information signal relative to the seventh discrete analog signal level, to shift in time the eighth information signal relative to the eighth discrete analog signal level and to shift in time the ninth information signal relative to the ninth discrete analog signal level.

193. (New) The apparatus of claim 192 wherein the analog to digital converter is arranged to convert the discrete analog signals levels to corresponding digital information signals at a particular rate and wherein the circuitry comprises a timing

recovery circuit arranged to regulate the particular rate at which said analog to digital converter converts the discrete analog signal levels.

194. (New) The apparatus of claim 193 wherein the circuitry comprises a digital adaptive equalizer arranged to identify the discrete analog signal level being received on each of the wire pairs.

195. (New) The apparatus of claim 194 and further comprising an automatic gain control circuit coupled to the analog to digital converter.

196. (New) The apparatus of claim 194 and further comprising a decoder circuit coupled to the digital adaptive equalizer.

197. (New) The apparatus of claim 196 and further comprising a media access controller coupled to said decoder circuit.

198. (New) The apparatus of claim 194 wherein the digital adaptive equalizer includes a feedforward equalizer, a data slicer and a decision feedback equalizer.

199. (New) The apparatus of claim 194 wherein said timing recovery circuit regulates the particular rate in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

200. (New) The apparatus of claim 192 and further comprising a clock arranged to generate clock signals having a phase and wherein the analog to digital converter is arranged to convert the discrete analog signal levels to the corresponding digital information digital signals in response to the clock signals and wherein the circuitry is arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals so that the time at which the analog to digital converter samples the discrete analog signal levels is adjusted.

201. (New) The apparatus of claim 200 wherein the circuitry shifts the phase of the clock signals in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

202. (New) The apparatus of claim 200 where each of the wire pairs also enables receipt of timing discrete analog signal levels, wherein the analog to digital converter is arranged to convert the timing discrete analog signal levels to corresponding timing digital signals in response to the clock signals, and wherein the circuitry is arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals in response to the timing digital signals.

203. (New) The apparatus of claim 202 wherein the circuitry is arranged to shift the phase of the clock signals in response to both the timing digital signals and the information digital signals.

204. (New) In apparatus adapted to be coupled to at least a twisted first wire pair enabling receipt of at least first, second and third discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information, a twisted second wire pair enabling receipt of at least fourth, fifth and sixth discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information and a twisted third wire pair enabling receipt of at least seventh, eighth and ninth discrete analog signal levels with different amplitudes representing information, the analog signal levels being received one discrete signal level at a time, a method of processing the received discrete analog signal levels comprising:

converting the first discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital first information signal;

converting the second discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital second information signal;

converting the third discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital third information signal;

converting the fourth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital fourth information signal;

converting the fifth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital fifth information signal;

converting the sixth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital sixth information signal;

converting the seventh discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital seventh information signal;

converting the eighth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital eighth information signal;

converting the ninth discrete analog signal level to a corresponding digital ninth information signal;

individually identifying each of the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth discrete analog signal levels;

shifting in time the first information signal relative to the first discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the second information signal relative to the second discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the third information signal relative to the third discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the fourth information signal relative to the fourth discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the fifth information signal relative to the fifth discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the sixth information signal relative to the sixth discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the seventh information signal relative to the seventh discrete analog signal level;

shifting in time the eighth information signal relative to the eighth discrete analog signal level; and

shifting in time the ninth information signal relative to the ninth discrete analog signal level.

205. (New) The method of claim 204 wherein each of the converting steps comprises converting one of the discrete analog signals levels to a corresponding one of the information signals at a particular rate and further comprising regulating the particular rate.

206. (New) The method of claim 205 wherein said regulating comprises regulating the particular rate in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

207. (New) The method of claim 204 and further comprising controlling the gain of the each of the received discrete analog signal levels.

208. (New) The method of claim 204 and further comprising decoding each of the digital information signals.

209. (New) The method of claim 204 and further comprising controlling media access.

210. (New) The method of claim 204 and further comprising generating clock signals having a phase and wherein each of the converting steps comprises converting one of the discrete analog signal levels to one of the corresponding digital information signals in response to the clock signals and wherein each of the shifting steps comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals so that the time at which the converting occurs is adjusted.

211. (New) The method of claim 210 wherein the shifting comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in accordance with a product of a plurality of signal samples.

212. (New) The method of claim 210 wherein each of the wire pairs enables receipt of timing discrete analog signal levels, wherein the converting further comprises converting the timing discrete analog signal levels to corresponding timing digital signals in response to the clock signals, and wherein the shifting further comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in response to the timing digital signals.

213. (New) The method of claim 212 wherein the shifting comprises shifting the phase of the clock signals in response to both the timing digital signals and the digital information signals.

214. (New) A communication system for decoding signals having three or more analog signal levels to represent information transmitted by a first computer over a

plurality of pairs of twisted wires to a second computer, said communication system including a transceiver comprising:

a plurality of receivers and transmitters operatively coupled to respective ones of said plurality of said pairs of twisted wires, wherein each of said plurality of receivers comprises:

an analog to digital converter;

an automatic gain control circuit; and

a digital adaptive equalizer, said equalizer further comprising a feed forward equalizer, a decision feedback equalizer, and a data slicer;

wherein each of said analog to digital converters sampling said analog signal at a sampling rate, each of said automatic gain control circuits receiving said analog signal from one of said pairs of twisted wires and providing gain control at the input to a respective one of said analog to digital converters, and each of said equalizers producing recovered digital data from said sampled analog signal provided at the input of said equalizer; and

wherein said transceiver also includes a plurality of transmitters that simultaneously transmit three or more analog signal levels to said first computer over said plurality of pairs of twisted wires.

215. (New) The system of claim 214, wherein said transceiver combines said recovered data from each of said digital adaptive equalizers into a single recovered digital data stream.

216. (New) The system of claim 215, wherein said single recovered data stream is Ethernet data.

217. (New) The system of claim 214, wherein said communication system is an Ethernet system.

218. (New) The system of claim 214, wherein the digital data is Ethernet data with a data rate of at least 100 Mbps.

219. (New) The system of claim 214, wherein each of said equalizer includes an adder that sums the output of respective ones of said decision feedback equalizers and said feed forward equalizers.

220. (New) The system of claim 219, wherein the digital data is Ethernet data.

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